# **EXHIBIT G**



SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NASSAU: TRIAL TERM: PART 7

\_\_\_\_X In the Matter of the Application of INDEX NO. DOMINIC MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK 003124/201 SAUVIGNE, and MARLENE LOBATO, Objectors,

003124/2016

Petitioners,

-V-

PHILIP M. PIDOT, Candidate, and GREGORY PETERSON, PETER KOSINSKI, DOUGLAS KELLNER and ANDREW SPANO, Commissioners Constituting the New York State Board of Elections,

Respondents. \_\_\_\_\_X In the Matter of the Application of

INDEX NO. 3448/16

PHILIP M. PIDOT, Candidate,

Petitioner,

-V-

DOMINIC J. MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK S. SAUVIGNE and MARLENE LOBATO, Objectors, and THE NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS,

Respondents.

Nassau Supreme Court 100 Supreme Court Drive Mineola, New York 11501 June 21, 2016

BEFORE:

THE HONORABLE ARTHUR M. DIAMOND, Justice of the Supreme Court.

(APPEARANCES ARE LISTED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.)

APPEARANCES:

SINNREICH, KOSAKOFF & MESSINA, LLP Attorneys for DOMINIC MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK SAUVIGNE and MARLENE LOBATO 267 Carleton Avenue

Suite 301

Central Islip, New York 11722

JOHN CIAMPOLI, ESQ.

BY:

JOHN E. SWEENEY, ESQ. Attorney for PHILIP M. PIDOT 79 Columbia Street Albany, New York 12210

ALSO PRESENT: Brendan Quinn Marco Silva, Esq.

E. O'Brien Murray (Present during afternoon session) (Present during afternoon session)

> ANDREA V. SLOBODOW, CSR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

## Proceedings

captioned cases, and let the record reflect that I am serving a copy on my adversary.

When Justice Adams made his determination, it was on an oral application. It was from the bench and he ruled that the proceeding had not been properly commenced. There were, at the time, other applications to dismiss that I made, one being what is essentially a vanilla-flavored traverse.

However, there were other motions to dismiss which the Court should consider before proceeding on the merits of this case, one of which being the petitioners in the Pidot versus Macedo case failed to exhaust their administrative remedies at the Board of Elections.

What you'll find interesting -- and you have a little bit of a bulge in the papers there -- is that we have given the website address to the Court in our papers and we have provided a flash drive with the proceedings of the State Board of Elections, at which the Commissioners took a report from a hearing officer, that she conducted a full hearing. It went late into the night.

(There was an off-the-record discussion held between the Court and the Court Officer).

MR. CIAMPOLI: The hearing went late into

## Proceedings

the night, and at the conclusion of the hearing,
Mr. Pidot's representatives, Mr. Spargo and Mr. Quinn,
who were at the hearing, were offered the opportunity
to put in rebuttal evidence or evidence to
rehabilitate any signatures which the Board, at least
the hearing officer, had preliminarily determined to
be invalid. They elected to wait. The hearing
officer kept the hearing record open for them to make
such a submission for one full day. They failed to do
so. Therefore, they did not exhaust their
administrative remedies in terms of an attempt to
validate the petition. They should be precluded from
doing that for the first time here in a court of law.

THE COURT: And that's what your motion is about?

MR. CIAMPOLI: That's part of what the motion is about.

The motion continues: To assert which is the development of current events, and what I believe is really the best reason for this Court to dismiss this proceeding: Impossibility. We are asking this Court for a hearing on that part of the motion. We are prepared to produce witnesses from the New York City Board of Elections, the Nassau County Board of Elections, and the Suffolk County Board of Elections

# Proceedings

Appellate Division has issued an order to this Court to act forthwith on our petition, our papers, in order to validate, and I think that's a key point. It's a validation proceeding and nothing else in this process. As it relates to Mr. Ciampoli's position on our failure to exhaust our administrative proceedings, let me explain to the Court exactly what happened and why we are here today.

the 2nd, and the objectors raised objections to signatures at the hearing and the hearing officers reserved many decisions on those objections. The objectors never stopped making objections; they continued past the day of the physical hearing, to continue to make objections. So we never had a clear view of what the final number was that we were going to have to defend against. In fact, the Commissioner had to issue an amended decision because the objectors kept offering changes and corrections.

The reality is, your Honor, I had no duty

to -- or burden to get in the middle of the

administrative proceeding because my opponent

continued to move the goal line away from us and cause

confusion and uncertainty as it related to what the

position that we would take was.



SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NASSAU: TRIAL TERM: PART 7 \_\_\_\_X

In the Matter of the Application of INDEX NO. DOMINIC MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK 003124/2016 SAUVIGNE, and MARLENE LOBATO, Objectors,

Petitioners,

-V-

PHILIP M. PIDOT, Candidate, and GREGORY PETERSON, PETER KOSINSKI, DOUGLAS KELLNER and ANDREW SPANO, Commissioners Constituting the New York State Board of Elections,

Respondents. \_\_\_\_X

In the Matter of the Application of

INDEX NO. 3448/16

PHILIP M. PIDOT, Candidate,

Petitioner,

-V-

DOMINIC J. MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK S. SAUVIGNE and MARLENE LOBATO, Objectors, and THE NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS,

Respondents.

Nassau Supreme Court 100 Supreme Court Drive Mineola, New York 11501 June 22, 2016

### CONTINUED ELECTION MATTER

B E F O R E: THE HONORABLE ARTHUR M. DIAMOND,
Justice of the Supreme Court.

(APPEARANCES ARE LISTED ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.)

APPEARANCES:

SINNREICH, KOSAKOFF & MESSINA, LLP Attorneys for DOMINIC MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK SAUVIGNE and

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BY:

JOHN E. SWEENEY, ESQ.

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79 Columbia Street

Albany, New York 12210

ALSO PRESENT:

E. O'Brien Murray Marco Silva, Esq.

ANDREA V. SLOBODOW, CSR

OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NASSAU: TRIAL TERM: PART 7 \_\_\_\_\_X

In the Matter of the Application of INDEX NO. DOMINIC MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK 003124/2016 SAUVIGNE, and MARLENE LOBATO, Objectors,

Petitioners,

-V-

PHILIP M. PIDOT, Candidate, and GREGORY PETERSON, PETER KOSINSKI, DOUGLAS KELLNER and ANDREW SPANO, Commissioners Constituting the New York State Board of Elections, Respondents,

For an Order Pursuant to Sections 16-100, 16-102 and 16-116 of the Election Law, Declaring Invalid the Respondent's Designating Petitions for the Republican Party in 3rd Congressional District for the June 2016 Primary Election, and Restraining said Board from placing the name of Philip M. Pidot on ballot as a candidate in said Primary Election. ----X

. \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ X In the Matter of the Application of INDEX NO. PHILIP M. PIDOT, Candidate, Petitioner,

003448/2016

-V-

DOMINIC J. MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK S. SAUVIGNE and MARLENE LOBATO, Objectors, and THE NEW YORK STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS,

Respondents,

For an Order Pursuant to Election Law Section 16-102 to validate the Republican Party designating petition which named the Petitioner Philip M. Pidot as a candidate of such party for Office of Representative in Congress, 3rd Congressional District of New York in the Primary Election of such party to be held on June 28, 2016.



Nassau Supreme Court 100 Supreme Court Drive Mineola, New York 11501 June 23, 2016

#### CONTINUED ELECTION MATTER

BEFORE:

THE HONORABLE ARTHUR M. DIAMOND, Justice of the Supreme Court.

APPEARANCES:

SINNREICH, KOSAKOFF & MESSINA, LLP Attorneys for DOMINIC MACEDO, ROBERT DONNO, MARK SAUVIGNE and MARLENE LOBATO 267 Carleton Avenue Suite 301

Central Islip, New York 11722

JOHN CIAMPOLI, ESQ.

BY:

JOHN E. SWEENEY, ESQ. Attorney for PHILIP M. PIDOT 79 Columbia Street Albany, New York 12210

ALSO PRESENT: E. O'Brien Murray

> ANDREA V. SLOBODOW, RPR, CSR DONNA CLARK, RPR, CSR, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTERS

1	you allow the primary date to pass, the issue becomes
2	mootness.
3	THE COURT: Then it seems to me the
4	impossibility argument potentially would be stronger.
5	MR. CIAMPOLI: It becomes a forest instead of
6	a tree.
7	THE COURT: How so? How is
8	MR. CIAMPOLI: Excuse me?
9	THE COURT: Yes.
10	MR. CIAMPOLI: In giving him this adjournment
11	that would invite a host of problems, legal issues and
12	questions that frankly this Court doesn't have the power
13	to address. This primary date is fixed by a combination
14	of statute and more specifically by an order of District
15	Court Judge Sharp in the Northern District of New York.
16	The Federal Elections Commission rules
17	establish a cut-off date to raise money for a primary.
18	That is fixed to Tuesday's date. That is hard and fast
19	and can't be changed. This Court doesn't have the power
20	to change federal law. The petitioner in the Pidot case
21	had an order from this Court of dismissal on May 11th,
22	chose not to appeal it, chose to go and wait I don't
23	recall if it was 7 or 9 days and not until May 31st
24	was the matter submitted before this Court on an action
25	on a motion to vacate the oral order of the Court.

1	They then waited until the Court decided the case on
2	the 7th. They waited until the 9th to file their notice
3	of appeal. The appeal wasn't heard until last week. It
4	was remanded for trial.
5	The delays in this process has been the result
6	of tactical and timed decisions that were made by the
7	petitioner. They have brought us to the eve of
8	virtually the eve of the primary. Now they're asking
9	for time beyond the primary to brief the questions here.
10	THE COURT: I guess the question is: How are
11.	you prejudice then?
12	MR. CIAMPOLI: Only if the Court makes a
13	determination that the issue becomes moot as of Tuesday.
14	That's true. My consultant points out to me
15	that we can't spend money on the primary after the
16	primary.
17	THE COURT: The primary if he asks for a
18	week adjournment, the primary would be passed.
19	MR. CIAMPOLI: Right. We can't pay for a
20	responsive brief.
21	THE COURT: You can't speak, sir.
22	MR. CIAMPOLI: We can't pay for anything
23	related to the primary. We can't incur primary expenses
24	after the primary. That's the simplest way to put it,
25	and that's federal law. And you can't give me an

1	exception from the federal law.
2	THE COURT: So your application is a motion to
3	dismiss this is what your papers say motion to
-4	dismiss due to impossibility to grant the petitioner
5	relief requested.
6	MR. CIAMPOLI: Correct.
7	THE COURT: The relief requested being what?
8	MR. CIAMPOLI: To validate his petition and to
9	order his name placed on the primary ballot for the
10	June 28th federal primary.
11	THE COURT: I don't think the application is
12	to have me order him placed on the ballot. I think the
13	petition is to validate petitions. That's what my
14	ruling will be first. So okay. So we'll hold off on
15	this for a minute. I'll have opposition to your
16	application. I will have opposition to your motion to
17	dismiss.
18	Now the State Board also advised me they want
19	to be heard on this. I have to figure out some way to
20	accomplish that. In the interim the State Board faxed
21	in, I guess, what they would have told us on the
22	telephone. This is what I have from them. Page 216,
23	line 7, this is Cameron Breen.
24	MR. SWEENEY: Which one is that? I'm sorry.
25	THE COURT: 216, line 7, the voter purged,

1	moved out of the county October 16, '14. So that
2	objection is granted.
3	213 line 7, Annette Gibson is a valid voter.
4	That objection is denied.
5	222, line 6, Kathleen Krombichler,
6	K-R-O-M-B-I-C-H-L-E-R, is an enrolled Republican. That
7	objection is denied.
8	226, line 1, that voter is not found. The
9	objection is granted.
10	225, line 3, Alan Lowell is a valid Republican
11	voter. That objection is denied.
12	232, line 9, Melissa Cagna, it looks like.
13	232, line 9 is a valid Republican voter. That objection
14	is denied.
15	248, line 10 and 250, line 7 were both not
16	found. So those objections are granted.
17	Since we submitted those I think we have 2
18	more to call in, but what I'd like to do over the next
19	five-minute recess is to now do the math, see where we
20	are and then we'll take up the motion.
21	MR. CIAMPOLI: Did we get rulings on 248,
22	line 10?
23	THE COURT: Yes. Not found.
24	MR. CIAMPOLI: Not found.
25	THE COURT: That objection was granted. Those

1	were the last two. 248, line 10 and 250, line 7 were
2	both not found. The objections were granted.
3	Can somebody tell Ron what the results were on
4	the Gallo
5	MR. SWEENEY: Plus 9 on Sheet Number 63 and
6	plus 1 on Sheet Number 68.
7	THE COURT: We'll take five minutes to get
8	organized and then we'll come back.
9	(Whereupon, a brief recess was taken.)
10	THE COURT: We put a call in to the Board of
11	Elections to get the final four petition questions
12	resolved. The four voters, four signatures I'm sorry
13	that have to be resolved because they faxed in that
14	last list, we have a suspicion that they've gone for the
15	day. I got their voice mail.
16	MR. CIAMPOLI: Yes.
17	THE COURT: I called them at 4:37 and got
18	their voice mail. So now but on the final numbers,
19	we have Pidot at 1261 which is 11 over what is needed.
20	We will wait until we hear from, I guess, the Board
21	tomorrow and the reason I say that is because, with
22	regard to the motion, there's a couple of things I just
23	want to put on the record.
24	So, first of all, with regards to your
25	application to adjourn, what I'm starting to do what

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I decided to do is give you until tomorrow and we'll convene at like 11 o'clock. But I also want to point out to you, Mr. Sweeney, that the relief requested in your petition, in your original papers, the Order to Show Cause, was that the respondent be directed and compelled -- respondent being you -- you put New York County Board of Elections, I think you mean New York State Board of Elections be directed and compelled to certify and place the name of the petitioner candidate on the June 28, 2016 primary election ballot of the Republican party for the office of Congress. wrong before when I said that your application was to validate the petitions; right? That's why I don't think it's possible I can give you an adjournment to next week. You asked that he be placed on the ballot. I think that would have to be done as soon as possible. Then the second thing you asked for was prohibiting the respondent Board from certifying or causing the printing of the June 28th primary election ballot unless the name of the petitioner is placed on such ballot. It's another thing I didn't realize was in here, but it is. So, so -- well, as of now, the position is subject to and I don't think it's going to matter what the Board tells us about the 4 signatures. I think you

1	submitted enough signatures on any of our counts that
2	you submitted enough ballots to validate signatures to
3	be placed on the ballot. With regard to the relief
4	requested on B and C, as I told you this morning, the
5	State Board's position is that it would be impossible to
6	give you the granted relief. We will come in tomorrow
7	morning and I'll let you argue on the record without
8	papers what your position is, and then I will have the
9	Board on the phone as well because they specifically
10	said that they want to be heard on this, and they are a
11	party and then I'll issue a ruling.
12	Yes, sir.
13	MR. CIAMPOLI: I'd like to create a full
14	record and put the Nassau, Suffolk and City Boards of
15	Elections' testimony into evidence that they cannot
16	physically at this point do the election and that it's
17	impossible for them to do the election and comply with
18	the law.
19	THE COURT: The representatives of the State
20	Board of Elections tomorrow will state that on behalf of
21	the local boards, I think that's satisfactory.
22	MR. CIAMPOLI: I will tell you, I think you
23	need a little bit more than that because there are
24	several problems that are unique to each of the county
25	Boards of Elections. Suffolk and Nassau have already

1	deployed their machines.
2	THE COURT: My point is that I think look,
3	you can bring them and we'll conference with the Board
4	and we'll go on the record around 11 o'clock, as I said.
5	I'm just saying that it may be, when we are done with
6	that, I may feel that I can grant the application on the
7	papers. That's all I'm saying.
8	MR. CIAMPOLI: Well, let me ask you this.
9	What I might be able to do is have them give the Court
10	affidavits. The problem is Mr. Sweeney will object
11	because he can't cross-examine the affidavit.
12	THE COURT: There's no requirement that I have
13	testimony on a motion.
14	MR. CIAMPOLI: True.
15	THE COURT: If I can resolve the motion on
16	papers, I resolve it on the papers.
17	MR. CIAMPOLI: True. But the only reason I
18	could think of why the folks in Brooklyn did not grant
19	my motion for impossibility last Friday was because I
20	didn't have a record and in the waning minutes before
21	primary day, I don't want to have the same problem
22	again.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	MR. SWEENEY: If I may, your Honor, my
25	interpretation of what the Appellate Division did, the

1	argument was made, and they passively discouraged it
2	by ignoring it, I think, alternative to the black and
3	white primary or Mr. Pidot does not exist. That's why
4	we had asked for the extent of time. I think you had
5	authorities under 1610(2) in case of irregularities to
6	stay the primary days. It's four and a half months away
7	for the general. Mr. Ciampoli pointed out
8	THE COURT: In the instance of irregularities?
9	MR. SWEENEY: Correct. Much more regular than
10	anything than this I would submit to you, your Honor.
11	MR. CIAMPOLI: Your Honor
12	MR. SWEENEY: Can I finish?
13	THE COURT: Let him finish.
14	MR. SWEENEY: I think the Board has certain
15	powers under what section is it Article 3 to
16	emergency situations, but beyond that, Judge Sharp has
17	already set a precedent for changing the federal law
18	from the bench. So whether it's fundraising or picking
19	an alternative date, there is plenty of time for all of
20	that and for us to seek relief in other ways. This
21	notion that Mr. Ciampoli puts out there that it's black
22	and white, assuming they were going to get that from
23	Judge Adams by conveniently not telling him about
24	MR. CIAMPOLI: I'm going to take exception
25	to

1	MR. SWEENEY: That he use
2	THE COURT: Don't do that in this courtroom,
3	please.
4	MR. SWEENEY: Which caused this delay in the
5	first instance, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: I don't know what caused the
7	delay. The time that you spent, both of you, whoever
8	brought the appeal was an extraordinary amount of time
9	that went by before the appeal was perfected.
10	Let me tell you this, I'm not going to issue
11	any stay of any elections. That I won't do. In other
12	words, your remedy would be the same as anybody else who
13	gets an order here. You would take that, you would take
14	my order to the Appellate Division or the federal court
15	and apply for a stay from them. That certainly makes
16	sense to me, but I am not going to issue a stay after I
17	do my decision.
18	One second.
19	(Whereupon, a brief pause was taken in the
20	proceedings.)
21	THE COURT: Mr. Quail is still there. He sent
22	me his direct line, but if you so I guess then,
23	Mr. Sweeney, I will give you the option of coming back
24	tomorrow or we can do it now with the Board of Elections
25	on the phone.

1	MR. SWEENEY: I would just as soon do it now,
2	your Honor.
3	(Whereupon, proceedings were adjourned to
4	chambers. Present in Justice Diamond's chambers were
5	Mr. Ciampoli, Mr. Sweeney, Mr. Brian Hiller, Mr. Daniel
6	Greenblatt from the law department, Justice Diamond's
7	law secretary and Justice Diamond.)
8	THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Quail. I'm going to as
9	you and Miss Galvin to give your appearance so that the
10	reporter can take it down.
11	MR. QUAIL: My name is Brian Quail, counsel
12	for the New York State Board of Elections.
13	MS. GALVIN: Kimberly Galvin, co-counsel for
14	the Board.
15	THE COURT: So we're at the stage where the
16	number of signatures submitted are enough to qualify on
17	the ballot. So we finished all the objections, you
18	know, half a hour ago or so.
19	So Philip Pidot's Order to Show Cause had 3
20	branches of relief. The first one was to declare that
21	the designating petitions naming the petitioner are
22	sufficient, legal and proper. So that application is
23	going to be granted.
24	B is that the respondent Board be directed and
25	completed I'm sorry be directed and compelled to

1	certify and place the name of the petitioner candidate
2	on the June 28th primary ballot.
3	C, prohibiting the respondent Board from
4	certifying or causing the printing of the ballot unless
5	the name of the petitioner, Philip Pidot, is placed on
6	the ballot for the Republican party primary.
7	Just prior to beginning the hearings on the
8	objections as directed by the Appellate Division,
9	Mr, Ciampoli presented a motion to dismiss which had
10	several branches to it, but the one that I'm really left
11	with at this point is found on page 13, motion to
12	dismiss due to impossibility to grant the petitioner
13	relief requested. So at that point it would be branches
14	B and C of the Order to Show Cause. Mr. Ciampoli
15	requested that he be allowed to produce representatives
16	from the Nassau County, Suffolk County and Queens
17	MR. CIAMPOLI: New York.
18	THE COURT: and New York City Board of
19	Elections to basically establish through testimony and
20	protect his record in case it goes to the Appellate
21	Division that there would be live testimony under oath
22	basically telling me that the relief can no longer be
23	granted due to impossibility.
24	Mr. Sweeney has not put in opposition. I told
25	him I would permit him to orally argue the opposition.

1	I told Mr. Ciampoli that it might be unnecessary for me
2	to have a live witness because, obviously, motions can
3	be decided on the papers, and you know so I'm leaving
4	him with the potential to call witnesses if, in my
5	discretion, it's necessary.
6	As I said, Mr. Sweeney did not put in
7	opposition, but so I'll allow him to orally argue the
8	motion. And he also requested in the courtroom a few
9	minutes ago a one-week adjournment to brief the issue.
10	Mr. Ciampoli opposed the adjournment request primarily
11	when I asked him what the prejudice would be, then,
12	obviously, Mr. Sweeney would be bypassing participating
13	in the June 28th election, and he stated that he would
14	be unable to spend money on legal fees related to the
15	primary past the primary date, and I don't know whether
16	or not that's accurate or not because I'm not familiar
17	with that election law.
18	First of all, do you want to be heard on the
19	application for the adjournment?
20	MR. QUAIL: With respect to the application
21	for the adjournment, your Honor, we defer to the Court's
22	decision on how it wants to manage its own calendar.
23	THE COURT: So my decision was I was willing
24	to give him till tomorrow at 11 o'clock to get himself
25	organized or whatever he wants to do, and then, when we

1	found out that you were still there, he said he would		
2	prefer to just go ahead instead of coming back tomorrow		
3	That's where we are at.		
4	So in order of the caption, Mr. Pidot is		
5	noticed before the Board so I'll let Mr. Sweeney oppose		
6	the application for the motion to dismiss first.		
7	MR. SWEENEY: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.		
8	THE COURT: Can you hear him?		
9	MR. QUAIL: Yes.		
10	MS. GALVIN: Yes.		
11	MR. SWEENEY: Yes, your Honor.		
12	THE COURT: He has an upstate kind of voice.		
13	I figured you would.		
14	MR. SWEENEY: What we have here is an		
15	extraordinary circumstance in which the Court is being		
16	asked to potentially violate, I believe, the voter		
17	rights of citizens to pick a candidate for the United		
18	States House of Representatives. I think there's		
19	precedent out there. This is based solely on judicial		
20	manipulations of obscure and historically prejudicial		
21	ballot excess requirements of New York.		
22	And I think we should look at the Forbes, the		
23	New York Republican State Committee, a Court of Appeals		
24	case, 2nd Circuit Court of Appeals case from 1996 to		
25	kind of establish that as the foundation piece. I think		

1	there are alternatives that exist under the current New
2	York State Election law. One of them is Section
3	1610(2)(3) which I believe provides this Court the
4	authority or some court the authority to, because of the
5	irregularities that have occurred here, to reschedule
6	this election, this primary election, on a different
7	date.
8	Much of the case law that exists out there
9	relates either to general election cases or primary
10	election cases in the traditional course where you have
11	a primary in September with only a few weeks leading up
12	to a general election in November. In this instance we
13	have four and a half months within which to get this

right. Judge Sharp, when he ordered his decision to
hold the primary in June, frankly did so -- that's an
arbitrary date and number that he chose. And it was
chosen. I would suspect that, as it relates to campaign
fundraising and as it relates to rescheduling a primary,
either this court or we could go to federal court to
have those matters resolved and the interests and rights

of each of the individuals protected.

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But to ask this Court to take what is otherwise a legally valid candidate off the ballot and cancel the voters' opportunities to vote and be represented and have an opportunity to be represented is

1	extraordinary.			
2	Finally, I think, while it's never been done,			
3	I think under Section 3108 of the State Election Law the			
4	state board itself in an emergency situation I don't			
5	quite know if this qualifies, but I would suggest that,			
6	because we have never been here before, we might be well			
7	within our rights to qualify this as an emergency. The			
8	state board itself, I think, could take the same			
9	position that in a subsequent date and time a primary			
10	election could be held, say, for example, in September			
11	when they always were held in the past, or in August or			
12	whatever number or whatever the date the board could,			
13	but to deny Mr. Pidot the opportunity to run in a			
14	primary and to deny the voters the choice and the right			
15	to have a choice and vote here, I think, is			
16	extraordinary and I would caution against it and ask			
17	that we not do that.			
18	THE COURT: Mr. Ciampoli, you want to be			
19	heard?			
20	MR. CIAMPOLI: Yes.			
21	Let's start with the argument that this Court			
22	can somehow alter the date of the federal election that			
23	was ordered.			
24	THE COURT: Can you hear him up there?			
25	MR. QUAIL: Yes.			

1	MS. GALVIN: Yes.
2	THE COURT: Okay. Good.
3	MR. CIAMPOLI: That was ordered by a federal
4	judge. This Court does not possess the power to alter
5	Judge Sharp's order, which I have previously handed up
6	to the court, which dictates the election calendar for
7	this election.
8	As to the argument that Article 3 would
9	empower the Court or the Board of Elections, itself, the
10	State Board of Elections to order an additional day of
11	voting, I have two replies to that. Number 1, I will
12	start by just reading the title of the section that
13	Mr. Sweeney is relying on, Disaster, additional day for
14	voting. It then goes on to describe the disasters as
15	fire, earthquake, tornado, explosion, power failure, act
16	of sabotage, enemy attach or other disaster.
17	If I concede, arguendo, that there's a
18	disaster, I would first assert this is of Mr. Pidot's
19	making. It is his delay during the course of this
20	litigation that resulted in us being here today and not
21	having this case resolved much earlier as the election
22	calendar set by Judge Sharp anticipated.
23	Number 2, I don't think that this set of
24	circumstances fails within that power.
25	Under 1610(2) of the Election Law, this Court

is entitled to order a new primary election -- and let me just locate -- sub 3 of 1610(2), the Court may direct the reassembling of any convention or the holding of a new primary election or caucus where it finds there has been such fraud or irregularity as to render impossible a determination as to who rightfully was nominated or elected.

Number 1, that power is a limited power as was held in Delgato versus Sutherland by the New York State Court of Appeals and as was held by our 2nd Department in Mondello versus Nassau County Board of Elections relying on the matter of Corrigan which was a 1930s or '40s Court of Appeals case. The case law says that the Election Law is a limited grant of authority to the Court. Clearly, under the language of 1610(2) the Court has the authority to grant a new primary where one has already been held, not to move the date of a primary, not to order a different primary than has been established by law, and there must be a finding that there was an irregularity or fraud that prevents the Court from determining who rightfully won.

There are a host of cases that have taken up such questions. Those cases involve mathematical and statistical computations of how many irregularities you must have to prove before you are entitled to a new

primary. All of them hinge on one key fact that is totally absent from this case, and that key fact is that there was a primary that was held.

Here I believe the Court would be proper to —
it would be proper for the Court to hold Mr. Sweeney and
Mr. Pidot to the four corners of their petition and
their Order to Show Cause. They wanted Mr. Pidot on the
ballot for the June 28th primary. That, at this point
in time, we submit and we request that we be able to
make a full record on it, is impossible. It was
impossible last week. I tend to agree with Mr. Sweeney
on the one point that the Appellate Division ignored
what I believed was the elephant in the room and that it
was impossible then, it's impossible today.

We've pointed out previously to the Court that under, I believe it's Section 4118 of the Election Law, the Boards of Election, the New York City, Nassau County, Suffolk County boards must all publish notice of a primary. I'm prepared to offer into evidence, your Honor, the paper of record in the City of Glen Cove because where a city falls within the political subdivision, two notices are required, one in the paper of general circulation in the county and one in the paper of general circulation within the city or each city within the subdivision.

1	The Glen Cove newspaper publishes on		
2	Wednesdays. So it's now physically impossible for the		
3	board to satisfy the Election Law requirement that it		
4	publish notice. I have said this before and I mean it		
5	from the bottom of my heart. What Mr. Pidot wants this		
6	court to do is order a primary to be held and he's		
7	hoping that no one shows up because that's how he could		
8	steel the results. This is part of a plan that you have		
9	here. What we have here is he's asking the Court to do		
10	things it can't do, move the date of the primary, order		
11	a new primary where there has been no primary held,		
12	order a change in a federal district court order which,		
13	you don't have the authority to do, and quite frankly,		
14	this Court unfortunately or fortunately, as the case may		
15	be, is a part of what is known as the State of New York.		
16	And the defendant in Judge Sharp's action in which he		
17	ordered a special federal primary date so as to protect		
18	the soldiers and sailors under The Move Act, the		
19	defendant is the State of New York. So this would be a		
20	state action to violate Judge Sharp's order, and I can't		
21	imagine this Court would do that. The other defendants		
22	are my friends at the State Board of Elections who are		
23	on the phone; okay. I think they're here and they're		
24	going to tell you they can't do it, and they don't want		
25	to be placed in violation of a federal court order.		

1	Mr. Pidot, on the other hand, doesn't care about that.		
2	We've cited a number of cases. The Court of		
3	Appeals in Hunter versus Orange County Board of		
4	Elections ruled that a case that was well outside the		
5	we have Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, four days that		
6	we have before the primary. That it is impossible to		
7	grant the relief requested. I was involved in that		
8	case. I represented the Independence Party in that		
9	matter and there was proof and the Appellate Division		
10	was prepared to order a new primary election for the		
11	Independence Party, and the Boards of Elections and the		
12	candidate on the other side said, wait a minute. It's		
13	too late. You can't do a new primary election and hold		
14	a general election in such a short time.		
15	Here you can't do the notices to the voters,		
16	you can't comply with the Federal Move Act and you can't		
17	comply with the Federal Voting Rights Act. That's where		
18	our counties in this district have their own nuances.		
19	If you were going to hear from the New York		
20	City Board of Elections I will do this by way of an		
21	offer of proof you will hear they have to set their		
22	ballot, build their ballot on the computer. Their		
23	ballot then must be, under Federal Voting Rights Act		
24	terms, translated into Spanish, Korean, Chinese and		
25	Bengali. That is a multi-day process. Because the		

1	ballot has to be set. The ballot has to be printed. It		
2	then has to go to two interpreters. Each interpreter		
3	interprets the ballot into the respective language.		
4	They then check with each other to see that they got it		
5	right. The candidates are then afforded an opportunity		
6	to inspect the ballots before they are put out to the		
7	voters. You can't do that in four days, your Honor.		
8	You just can't.		
9	THE COURT: Okay.		
10	MR. CIAMPOLI: You're going to hear that each		
11	of the Boards has either totally or by tomorrow they		
12	will probably all have totally deployed their machines.		
13	They would have to reprogram their machines.		
14	MR. SWEENEY: I'm sorry, your Honor. No one		
15	is arguing the impossibility argument. We are simply		
16	talking about what the relief is going to be at the end.		
17	We have conceded that fact. While it's an interesting		
18	tutorial that Mr. Ciampoli is giving, as I pointed out		
19	at the beginning, the Hunter case is a case that relates		
20	to the normal course with a September primary and a		
21	November election. We're not talking about that here.		
22	We are talking about four and a half months and whether		
23	we need to go to federal court to get the orders that		
24	are necessary to protect our interests and rights or		
25	whatever. It's four and a half months. It's not an		

1	impossibility to meet the requirements of the Voter	
2	Rights Act. It's not an impossibility to meet the	
3	requirement of the Federal Move Act. These all can be	
4	done in a four-and-a-half-month period. It's a matter	
5	of working that process out.	
6	THE COURT: Let me hear from Mr. Ciampoli.	
7	MR. CIAMPOLI: Your Honor, I have one last	
8	thing I want to add. Our sister court in Suffolk County	
9	in Helmsly (phonetic) versus Matthews I'm not going	
10	to read the decision or part of it. Justice Mary Smith	
11	did a very good review of the law in doing what the	
12	right thing is to do here, dismissing a case where there	
13	was a candidate who was duly nominated, who was seeking	
14	to alter the ballot, who may very well have been	
15	entitled to alter the ballot, but the only remedy	
16	available to the Court in Helmsly v. Matthews relies on	
17	Hunter. You have the sister cases.	
18	THE COURT: The only remedy to the Court being	
19	what?	
20	MR. CIAMPOLI: Dismissal.	
21	THE COURT: So I'll hear from Mr. Quail and	
22	Miss Galvin if you want to be heard.	
23	MR. GALVIN: Your Honor, this is Kimberly	
24	Galvin. We just heard Mr. Sweeney say the impossibility	
25	argument is not being contested at this point. We also	

1	heard Mr. Clampoli's argument. We would agree at this			
2	late date it would be impossible to, in fact, add him to			
3	the primary that is to take place next Tuesday. All of			
4	the arguments about the machines and the testing and			
5	languages do hold true.			
6	THE COURT: Can you represent to me that if			
7	the heads of the City, Nassau and Suffolk Boards of			
8	Elections were here that they would tell me that?			
9	MS. GALVIN: Yes, your Honor. I can assert			
10	for you that there's been conversations on a bipartisan			
11	basis with all three boards in question, and all have			
12	agreed that it is too late to change the ballot for next			
13	Tuesday.			
14	THE COURT: Okay. So okay. Anything else			
15	from you?			
16	MS. GALVIN: Just briefly, your Honor. On the			
17	other arguments and the request for relief that are			
18	being made, the State Board doesn't necessarily believe			
19	that 3108, the extraordinary relief under that section,			
20	we don't feel that is necessarily appropriate here and			
21	also with relief under 1610(2) certainly that is a legal			
22	issue and we would simply caution the Court, to exercise			
23	that, there are time frames that would be necessary			
24	there such as the date would have to be 50 days out in			
25	order to be compliant, but other than that, that's a			

1	decision that the Court obviously, it's a legal
2	decision that you would need to make.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. QUAIL: The 50-day requirement, your
5	Honor, stems from the Federal Move Act that requires
6	that ballots be sent out at least 45 days before the
7	elections to which it relates. That's the significance
8	of the 50 days.
9	THE COURT: Thank you, everybody. What I'm
10	going to do is reserve a decision and have a decision in
11	the morning. So you will have an order which will
12	vesicate the need to order the minutes. You will have
13	an actual order to do whatever you want to do. I will
14	e-mail it out so no appearances are necessary.
15	MR. SWEENEY: Thank you.
16	MR. CIAMPOLI: I ask the Court hold the record
17	open for affidavits from each of the local boards.
18	THE COURT: Do you have any objection to that?
19	MR. SWEENEY: No objection to that.
20	THE COURT: Mr. Quail, Miss Galvin, I want to
21	make sure I have your e-mail addresses.
22	MR, QUAIL: My e-mail address is
23	Brian.Quail@electionsNewYork.gov.
24	MS. GALVIN: It's Kimberly. Galvin with the
25	same domain.

1	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much for
2	hanging around tonight. I appreciate it, and I
3	appreciate your help on this emergency; okay.
4	MR. QUAIL: No problem, Judge.
5	MS. GALVIN: Thank you.
6	THE COURT: Thank you. So you have a card or
7	something with your e-mail on it?
8	MR. SWEENEY: Yes.
9	Thank you, your Honor.
10	MR. CIAMPOLI: Thank you, your Honor.
11	* * * * * * * * *
12	It is certified that the above and foregoing
13	minutes of $6/21$ , $6/22$ and $6/23$ are a true and accurate record of the proceedings.
14	
15	Quarear Statuston
16	ANDREA V. SLOBODOW, CSR, RPR
17	OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
18	
19	Alana Clark
20	DONNA CLARK, CSR, RPR
21	OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
22	
23	
24	
25	

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